Overview of the MARAMA PM_{2.5} Forecasting Project

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Bill Gillespie
The Mid-Atlantic Regional Air Management Association
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Presentation Outline

- A Brief Overview of MARAMA
- The Need for PM_{2.5} Forecasting Support
- The MARAMA PM_{2.5} Forecasting Project
- A Look at the Future



The Mid-Atlantic Regional Air Management Association (MARAMA)

MARAMA

- non-profit association of 10 state and local air pollution control agencies
- organized in 1990 by Mid-Atlantic Governors, Mayors, and County Commissioners
- promotes cooperation and coordination among state and local air quality agencies
- Members include: DE, DC, MD, NJ, NC, PA, VA, WV, Philadelphia, and Allegheny County, PA



MARAMA's Mission

 MARAMA's mission is to strengthen the skills and capabilities of member agencies and help agencies work together to prevent and reduce air pollution in the Mid-Atlantic region.

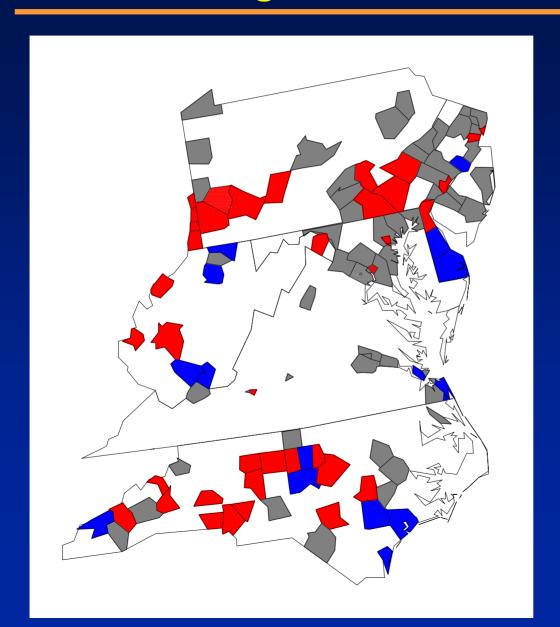


The Need for PM_{2.5} Forecasting Support

- Many members have strong ozone forecasting programs, but little or no experience forecasting PM
- There is increasing interest in fine particulate pollution because of its adverse human health impacts.
- MARAMA states are observing relatively high PM 2.5 values in some areas



1999-2001 Annual PM 2.5 Design Values in MARAMA Region



Data from EPA's AQS 7/8/02



Counties with at least
1 complete site with
design value <15.0





The Need for PM_{2.5} Forecasting Support

- MARAMA members are concerned about the resources needed to do year-round air quality forecasts
- Human Resources:
 - In some state/local agencies, there may not be adequate staff to forecast ozone seasonally and PM year-round
 - Adequate coverage on weekends and holidays will require more than one meteorologist
- Some areas are concerned about needing more continuous monitoring data





"THE ONLY PART OF THE UNIVERSE WHICH ISN'T EXPANDING IS THE BUDGET FOR THIS PLACE."

The MARAMA PM_{2.5} Forecasting Project

- The purpose of the project is to:
 - analyze PM data and trends,
 - develop and improve PM_{2.5} forecasting methods and tools, and
 - train and support PM forecasting teams



The MARAMA PM_{2.5} Forecasting Project

- MARAMA plans to hire a contractor to:
 - develop Classification and Regression Tree (CART) tools for nine cities
 - work closely with state and local forecasters to apply, test and evaluate the tools
 - conduct a workshop to train forecasters



The Forecast Cities

- CART tools will be developed for:
 - Baltimore, MD
 - Bristol, Richmond and Roanoke, VA
 - Charlotte, NC
 - Newark/Elizabeth, NJ
 - Philadelphia, PA
 - Washington, DC
 - Wilmington, DE



The Project Schedule

Task	Completion Date
Collect and analyze	
monitoring and met data	June 2003
Develop CART tools	August 2003
Conduct workshop	October 2003
Evaluate CART	
performance	October-January 2004
Final report	February 2004



The Selection of the CART Method

- Why CART was chosen for the forecast project:
 - CART can be used to identify the different meteorological conditions that lead to different PM levels
 - provides a rigorous and objective means for distinguishing among different types of PM episodes
 - forecasters in the MARAMA region wanted experience with this tool



What is CART?

- CART is a statistical tool used to separate historical data into classification "bins"
 - bins are associated with a range of values of a classification variable (e.g., PM_{2.5} concentration)
 - classification in a bin is based on the value of other parameters (e.g., observed meteorological data, regional PM concentration, etc.)
 - CART software identifies the parameters with the highest correlation to observed PM concentration



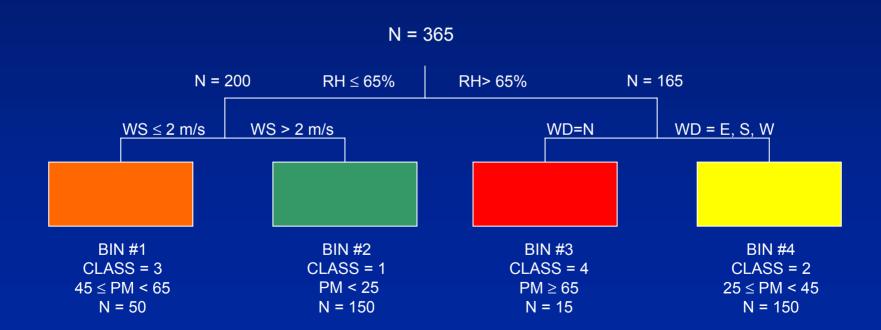
What is CART?

- CART software uses these parameters to split the dataset into two dissimilar groups or bins
- This is process is repeated until the resulting bins contain days with similar PM concentrations
- In this manner, CART identifies the meteorological conditions (the splits) that are associated with PM concentrations and episode types (the bins)



An Example of a CART Tree

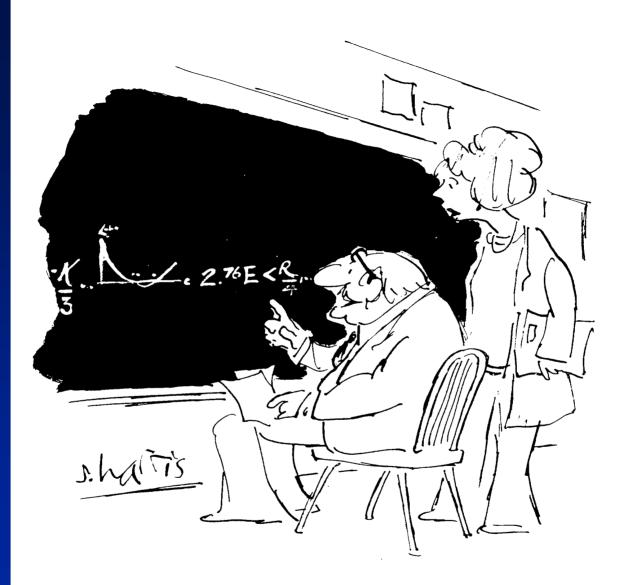
- CART output takes the form of an up-side-down classification "tree"
- Branches/splits (of the data) determine the binning



The MARAMA PM_{2.5} Forecasting Project

- After the CART tool has been developed, the contractor will:
 - conduct a training workshop for MARAMA forecasters next fall
 - work with forecasters for four months to evaluate and enhance the CART tool
- The CART tool will serve as another tool in the forecasters "tool kit" for forecasting PM levels
- MARAMA and MARAMA members will "own" the tool, its data and logic so that state staff can modify and improve forecast performance

MARAMA



"THE BEAUTY OF THIS IS THAT IT IS ONLY OF THEORETICAL IMPORTANCE, AND THERE IS NO WAY IT CAN BE OF ANY PRACTICAL USE WHATSOEVER."

A Look at the Future

- Some challenges lie ahead...
 - we do not have a long historical record of continuous data on which to base our PM forecasts and forecast tools
 - getting the forecast right may be difficult for some areas and conditions – our credibility is on the line
 - many forecasters in the MARAMA region would like about a year to test and evaluate forecast tools before going public with PM forecasts



A Look at the Future

- But with the challenges come opportunities...
 - we will learn a lot more about air pollution and the atmosphere
 - rather than focusing on one pollutant, we will have to take a more holistic view, make a more comprehensive analysis
 - new information will improve emission inventories, air quality models, forecasting tools, etc.
- We appreciate the opportunity to help improve air quality forecasting in the MARAMA region



Notes and Credits

The MARAMA web site address:

http://www.marama.org

- Credits:
 - Cartoons from: <u>Einstein Simplified</u>, <u>Cartoons on</u>
 <u>Science by Sidney Harris</u>, Rutgers University Press
 - CART Tree from Sharon Douglas, ICF/SAI

